

104TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. RES. 200

Expressing the sense of the House of Representatives regarding the Republic of Iraq's failure to comply with United Nations resolutions demanding improvements in the area of human rights and requiring the destruction, removal, or rendering harmless of all Iraq's biological, chemical, and nuclear weapons, and all ballistic missiles with a range greater than 150 kilometers.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 24, 1995

Mr. MARKEY (for himself, Mr. SOLOMON, Mr. LANTOS, and Mr. PORTER) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations

RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of the House of Representatives regarding the Republic of Iraq's failure to comply with United Nations resolutions demanding improvements in the area of human rights and requiring the destruction, removal, or rendering harmless of all Iraq's biological, chemical, and nuclear weapons, and all ballistic missiles with a range greater than 150 kilometers.

Whereas United Nations Resolution 687 adopted by the Security Council on April 3, 1991, required Iraq to submit to the United Nations Secretary-General a declaration of the locations, amounts, and types of all biological and

chemical weapons and an inventory of all ballistic missiles with a range greater than 150 kilometers;

Whereas United Nations Resolution 687 further required Iraq to unconditionally accept the destruction, removal, or rendering harmless of all such weapons and all stocks of agents and subsystems and manufacturing facilities related to their use;

Whereas the United Nations Special Commission, established by the United Nations Security Council for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of United Nations Resolution 687, has concluded that Iraq has not provided a full and comprehensive disclosure of its past military biological program;

Whereas the United Nations Special Commission also has noted that the lack of full, accurate, and verifiable information concerning these biological items suggests that there is a high risk that they have been purchased by Iraq and used for a proscribed purpose, specifically the acquisition of a biological warfare agent;

Whereas it has been determined by the International Atomic Energy Agency that the Government of Iraq has, in violation of its obligations under Article II and Article III of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty, attempted to acquire the means to produce nuclear weapons;

Whereas the Government of Iraq, during the Gulf War, launched ballistic missiles targeted at the state of Israel in an unprovoked assault against densely populated urban areas which resulted in significant civilian casualties;

Whereas the Government of Iraq has, in the past, employed weapons of mass destruction, including chemical weap-

ons, in a widespread, brutal, and systematic campaign of terror against the country's Kurdish population and has executed a large-scale military operation against civilians living in the southern marshes; and

Whereas United Nations Resolution 688 adopted by the Security Council on April 5, 1991, citing the threat to international peace and security in the Middle East posed by the recurrent pattern of repression sponsored by the Iraqi Government against its own people, called on the Iraqi authorities to immediately end this repression, which has included prohibitions on free expression, association, and religious practice, as well as severe mistreatment of minorities and women: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, That it is the sense of the House of Rep-
 2 resentatives that the provisions contained in United Na-
 3 tions Resolution 687 and related resolutions which restrict
 4 the import of commodities from, and the export of com-
 5 modities to, the Government of Iraq should remain in full
 6 force and effect until such time as the Security Council
 7 has determined that the Government of Iraq has complied
 8 with all relevant United Nations resolutions and completed
 9 all actions contemplated by the terms of these resolutions.

